THE
South-Carolina GAZETTE.
[NUMB. 1736.]
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1768.

New Advertisements.

TO BE SOLD,

(And entered upon the first day of April next)

THE Lot, Stores and Wharf, in George-Town, now occupied by Maſſrs. Gourley & Gaulden, being in the beſt ſituation for trade. Alſo three other Lots, adjoining. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

TO BE SOLD, on Thurſday the 9th day of February next, at the Vendue-Houſe, in Charles-Town:

A PLANTATION, belonging to the eſtate of Col. Henry Hyrne, on Aſhepoo river, being the plantation which formerly belonged to the late Mr. Burril Hyrne, and adjoins to lands of Mr. Henry Hyrne and the late Colonel Pinckney. The quantity about 1000 acres. If any perſon is inclined to treat for the ſame, before the day of ſale, apply to the executors.

JAMES POSTELL,
HENRY HYRNE, or
THOMAS SMITH.

NICHOLAS LANGFORD,

BOOKSELLER, &c. in Broad-ſtreet, propoſing to depart for London in a few days, for a FRESH COLLECTION, takes this method of returning thanks to thoſe gentlemen who have kindly encouraged him in his *employ*:—COMMISSIONS in his way, addreſſed to him in *Broad ſtreet*, or Mr. Whitaker, on the Bay, ſhall be exactly attended to, as well as executed on *acknowledged* reaſonable terms.

For DUNBAR and LEITH,

(To ſail the 25th of January)

The Ship MAGDALEN,

ROBERT BEATTIE, Maſter.

FOR Freight or Paſſage (having good Accommodations for a few Paſſengers) apply to ſaid Maſter, at Bunn's new Wharf, or JOHNSTON & SIMPSON.

JUST IMPORTED in the above veſſel, and to be ſold reaſonably, exceeding good Claret, ſome of which in Magnum Bonums, Bell's Ale, pearl and common Barley, a few kitts of fine pickled Salmon, Canvas, from No. 1 to 8, Oſnabrugs, &c. &c.

WANTED,

(To be delivered in three Weeks)

ABOUT Thirteen Hundred buſhels of RUFF RICE, and a quantity of good SOAL LEATHER. Apply to

ANDREW LORD.

Who has for ſale, a quantity of crow-coloured MANTUAS, juſt imported, quite free from ſpots; two London made Riding Chairs; a quantity of Red Port, and Liſbon Wine; good Claret, &c.

MRS. GRANT,

Lately arrived in this Province, informs the Public,

THAT ſhe propoſes to practiſe MIDWIFERY, and hopes to give ſatisfaction to thoſe who may be pleaſed to employ her, having ſtudied that art regularly, and practiſed it afterwards, with ſucceſs, at *Edinburgh*: Certificates of which, ſhe can produce from the Gentlemen whoſe Lectures ſhe attended, and likewiſe from the profeſſors of Anatomy and Practice of Phyſick in that city.

N. B. She will, with the greateſt chearfulneſs, aſſiſt the poor, GRATIS.

JOSEPH ROPER, TURNER,

HAVING removed his Shop near the White-Meeting, the next door to Mr. William Read, wheelwright, in Meeting-ſtreet, takes this method of returning thanks to his Cuſtomers for their paſt favours, and hopes to merit a continuance of the ſame.

Gentlemen and Ladies, who are pleaſed to employ him, may depend on having their work done in the beſt manner, and with the quickeſt diſpatch, in all the different branches of a TURNER's BUSINESS, viz. plain, hollow, and Screw Work, column Banniſters, plain and ſcolloped Tea Boards, Spice-Mortars, &c. likewiſe the different TURNING uſed by Joiners, Cutts, Bench, and Clamp Screws, &c. with many other things he is capable of performing, too tedious to enumerate.

WHEREAS I ſome time ago, adverti[ſed] my plantation on John's-Iſland, for ſale, which was prevented by ſome perſon ſpreading a report, that I cannot make a good title: This is to give notice, that I can, and will, make an undeniable title from the originals, which originals may be ſeen in my hands, and examined by any perſon that may have an inclination to purchaſe. ALEXANDER HEXT.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, about a fortnight ago, a Negro Fellow, named CYRUS, formerly the property of Thomas Shirley, Eſq; has both his ears cropt, and is well known in Charles-Town. Whoever will deliver him to me, or to the warden of the work houſe, ſhall have £. 20 currency reward, and all reaſonable charges. Fifty Pounds will be paid on information of ſaid fellow's being harboured by a white perſon, and Ten Pounds if by a negro, to be paid on conviction, by

JAMES RIDDLE.

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue,

On Wedneſday the 12th of January next, if a fair day, if not, the firſt fair day after, at the plantation late in the poſſeſſion of William-Richard Ford, *deceaſed, joining* James Stobo, *Eſq'rs plantation, near Wilt-Town:*

ALL the PERSONAL ESTATE of WILLIAM CARTWRIGHT, and WILLIAM-RICHARD FORD, conſiſting of Twenty-three NEGROES; amongſt which are very good houſe-wenches, handy boys, and field negroes.

Likewiſe, the preſent crop, conſiſting of a quantity of ruff rice and corn; alſo horſes, plantation tools, houſhold and kitchen furniture, ſuch as feather beds, table and bed linen, tables, chairs and deſks, tea and table china, &c. &c.

The conditions of the ſale will be, credit 'till the firſt of May next, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity if required, for all ſums amounting to fifty pounds, and all ſums under that, to be cash.

The property not to be altered 'till the conditions are complied with.

THOMAS RADCLIFFE, jun. A. & E.
MATTHEW WILLIAMS.

☞ ALL perſons who have any juſt demands on either of the above eſtates, are *once more* deſired to bring them in, properly atteſted, by the above day; and all thoſe indebted to the ſaid eſtates, are deſired to make immediate payment, as there is a neceſſity of cloſing the concerns of ſaid eſtates.——Thoſe who neglect this notice, muſt expect to find their accompts, &c. in the hands of an attorney, to be ſued for.

Charles Town, December 22d, 1768.

THE Anniverſary Meeting of the CHARLES-TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY, will be holden on Tueſday the 10th day of January next, in the Library-Room; when and where, the Members are deſired to attend, by ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which hour the Preſident takes the chair, agreeable to the rules.

By Order of the Preſident,
JOHN COLCOCK, Secretary.

JOHN BENFIELD,

INFORMS THE PUBLIC,

THAT HE CONTINUES TO FOLLOW THE

Brokerage Buſineſs,

Particularly that for INSURANCE.

HIS office is kept at his houſe in Tradd ſtreet, oppoſite to Meſſrs. Manſell, Corbett, & Roberts: Where he has for ſale, Rum of all ſorts—Madera Wine—Arrack—Gin.—Cherry Bounce, and ſundry other LIQUORS—kegs of Water Bread—Loaf and Muſcovado Sugar—Raiſins of the ſun, at 3/9 per pound, taking 6 lb. or upwards—fine Salt, of a remarkable good quality—Corks—one and two gallon Jugs—Myrtle-Wax and Tallow CANDLES of all ſorts.——With which, Merchants, and others, may be ſupplied in any quantity, and at the moſt reaſonable prices. tf.

JOHN CHAMPNEYS,

FOLLOWS THE

Factorage Buſineſs

BY himſelf, and hopes for a continuance of the favours of his friends, as he will endeavour to give ſatisfaction to all who may pleaſe to employ him.

He alſo hopes for the continuance of thoſe Gentlemen's cuſtoms, who have had their buſineſs done at the wharf, who may depend on the ſame diligence and conſtant attendance, as formerly. [3 m.]

ANDREW LORD,

HAS IMPORTED in the laſt veſſels from LONDON *and* BRISTOL;

A compleat ASSORTMENT of GOODS,

Suitable for the approaching Seaſon, viz.

A GREAT Variety of low-priced purple and dark ground cottons and callicoes, neat bed-patterns of different colours, crow-coloured mantuas, quite free from ſpots, with other ſilks, he will ſell lower than the common advance; white, blue and green plains, purple half thicks, broad cloths of all colours and prices; German ſerges, exceeding good claret, Benjamin Kenton's porter in caſks, bottled cyder, Cheſhire and Glouceſter cheeſe, London loaf ſugar, both ſingle and double refined, teas of different ſorts, &c. &c.

N. B. A quantity of black leather NEGRO SHOES, at 17 s. 6 d a pair.

Alſo a quantity of CAMBLETS, proper for wenches gowns, at 6 s. 3 d. per yard.

JOHN WARD, TAYLOR,

HAS JUST IMPORTED,

In the BEAUFAIN, *Capt.* CURLING, *from* LONDON:

A FRESH ASSORTMENT of the very beſt ſuperfine BROAD CLOTHS, with the beſt of trimmings, ſilk and worſted breeches pieces, ſcarlet and crimſon hair ſhag, alſo green and blue livery ſhag, and all other materials fit for his buſineſs.

His goods are choſen by one of the beſt judges in the DRAPERY WAY, and on the beſt terms; he therefore will ſupply Gentlemen, on any occaſion, cheaper than any one in the province.

JOURNAL of Tranſactions in BOSTON, Begun in this Paper of *November* 7, N°. 1727, and continued in thoſe of *December* 12th, 15th, and 22d.

BOSTON, *November* 14.

THE Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms again hold a board in this town; as the day of their appointment is noted in their calendar as a holy day, on which no buſineſs is to be done in the ſeveral offices, we may probably hear that the day of their reſtoration is alike diſtinguiſhed; *however it is to be hoped, that the reſtoration of ſound Britiſh policy may ſoon make a reform in their calendar, and obliterate ſuch public marks of vanity and folly.*

The inhabitants of Windham, a conſiderable town in Connecticut, have lately inſtructed their repreſentatives to "encourage a ſpirit of induſtry and frugality, and the woollen, linen, glaſs, and paper manufactures," *rightly judging, that under the difficulties brought upon them by the late Revenue Acts, no ſtep can have a greater tendency to procure them relief*—They alſo inſtruct their repreſentatives "to come into effectual meaſures to cement and confirm the Union between that and the other Governments in America; and that they endeavour to bring about a general congreſs."—*all founded upon the ſame maxim, reſpecting the colonies, divided they fall, united we ſtand.*

November 15. We are informed the aſſembly of the lower counties of Philadelphia, have appointed Dennis De Berdt, Eſq; their agent in England, and have petitioned the King, Lords and Commons, for redreſs of the grievous burdens laid on America.—*No one aſſembly upon the continent have, that we hear of, receded from the reſolutions of the Maſſachuſetts Ninety-Two, and every of them, excepting Halifax and Penſacola, whoſe exiſtence depends on the ſmiles of a court, have harmonized with this province in their reſolves and petitions reſpecting the new regulations; meaſures which muſt in the end, prove more detrimental and ruinous to Britain than the colonies.*

Letters from South-Carolina inform, that all the King's troops were withdrawn from the out poſts, and ordered for Boſton, and that the companies ſtationed at Bermuda and New-Providence, were alſo withdrawn from thoſe iſlands.——And we have accounts from Weſt-Florida, that the ſettlers there were in great fear and diſtreſs at the removal of the fifteen companies from that province, as they lay ſurrounded by Savages, from whom they have no defence; that one of their planters had loſt 30 head of cattle, ſuppoſed to be carried off by the Indians, and that they could not account for ſo ſingular a meaſure, as the taking off troops from a frontier province to place them in an interior country.—*The conduct of our preſent miniſtry may convince the nation that there are myſteries in politicks as well as religion.*

The inhabitants of town and country, greatly diſturbed, that numbers of the paſſengers of thoſe ſhips which have had the Small Pox on board, have been permitted to land in this town; and we hear that the Selectmen waited upon General Gage, and acquainted him with the laws of this province for preventing infectious ſickneſs in the town; and proper meaſures are taking for the prevention of thoſe ill effects which are apprehended.

It is confidently reported that the principal deſign of Lord William Campbell the Governor of Halifax, who came paſſenger in the Romney man of war, Commodore Hood, is to make a repreſentation to General Gage, of the preſent deplorable ſtate of that colony, occaſioned by the withdraw of the King's troops and ſhips of war; Halifax it is ſaid, is like to be deſerted on this occaſion, the tradeſmen, and many others, being obliged to follow the fleet and army, upon which in that new ſettlement, they depended for a ſubſiſtance.—*Thus thro' the miſrepreſentation of intereſted and deſigning men, and under the pretence of aiding the civil government in the old colonies, where ſuch aid is not only entirely needleſs, but highly offenſive and grievous; the new colonies, both North and South, which have been thought by former adminiſtration to be of ſo much conſequence, and upon which ſuch large ſums have been expended by the crown, are now not only expoſed to a foreign enemy and the Savages, but deprived in a great part, of the very means of ſubſiſtance.*

November 17. Capt. Watts arrived from London, which he left about the 25th of Sept. In coming into the harbour, he received a ſhot from an armed ſchooner, which carried away one of his yards. Her boat then boarded him and took away ſixteen of his ſeamen;—*the importance of the ſervice in which the fleet is now engaged may perhaps apologize for their thus diſtreſſing our merchants.*—

It has tranſpired, that our G——r, and thoſe of the other colonies, have orders from the American S——y, not to lay before their ſeveral aſſemblies any of his letters, or even extracts from them for the future, without ſpecial directions for ſo doing.—— *The freedom with which even the people of Britain have treated his circular letters may account for this prohibition: but however prudent it may be, with reſpect to himſelf, judging by the ſpecimens before given us, it cannot be very agreeable to the public, to have the matter of ſuch letters partially dealt out to them, and interlarded with the comments and gliſſes of a G——r, or the creatures of a G——r in whom there is no ground for placing the leaſt of our confidence.*

We are told that Robert Auchmuty, Eſq; Judge of Admiralty for this province, &c. has a yearly ſalary of £. 600 ſterling allowed him out of the American Revenue; and that three other Judges of Admiralty for North-America will be appointed with the like ſalaries.—*The only recompence former Judges of Admiralty have received for their ſervices, was an allowance of 5 per Cent. out of the proceeds of all condemnations; and a fixed allowance of £. 100 ſterling per annum, would have ſatisfied the firſt Lawyers among us for capacity and character; and will adminiſtration ever be able to perſuade Americans, that the intention of this revenue is to leſſen the National Debt, when they behold it ſo laviſhly beſtowed one way and another upon the tools of power; or rather muſt it not ſerve fully to convince them, that the fruits of our toil and labour taken from us by that project, is to be held out as baits and lures to ſuch baſe Americans as can ſacrifice their country in order to ruin them.*

The little new ſettlement on the iſland of St. John has been ſo noticed by adminiſtration, that Iſaac Deſchamps, Eſq; is appointed Chief-Juſtice there, with a ſalary of £. 200 ſterling per annum, which he muſt in this province,—*what pretty miniſterial pickings they, the American Revenues already afford!*

November 18. The following ſhips of war now ride at anchor in this harbour, and more expected, Romney, Mermaid, Glaſgow, Beaver, Viper, Senegal, Beneta, Magdalen, Hope, Little Romney, and Sultana, beſides the ſhips which brought the troops from Ireland. The 64th regiment of thoſe troops, Col. Pomeroy, are landed and quartered in town, the 65th regiment Col. Mackey, at Caſtle-Iſland; they conſiſt of 500 men each.—The battalion-men of the detachment of the 59th are to return to Halifax.—*What an amazing expence muſt be occaſioned by the movements of the troops and ſhips of war throughout the whole extent of this continent! Modern Stateſmen are extremely dextrous in figuring in and out; it is to be wiſhed, for the good of the nation, that they were as expert in figuring up.*

November 19. Before the diſſolution of our aſſembly in June laſt, the council thought it their duty to petition his Majeſty and both houſes of Parliament on the American revenue; a draft of a petition to the King was reported and the C——l intreated that the aſſembly might continue till this and their other addreſſes were completed, which would not have taken them a day; the court was prorogued notwithſtanding. The council were ſtill for proceeding in their petition; but the G——r inſiſted upon it that the C——l were annihilated in their legiſlative capacity; that they exiſted only as a privy C——l, and in this latter capacity could not act without his preſence and permiſſion, which he ſhould not afford them in the buſineſs they were upon. The C——l complained of this *moſt injurious treatment*, and were it not for the critical ſituation of our affairs, would probably have remonſtrated to adminiſtration; after much altercation they were *allowed* to petition the King, but aſſonithing as it is, were *prohibited* addreſſing *either Houſe of Parliament*. The firſt petition was completed, going rather on the inexpediency of the late acts, than conſidering the matters of right, and was committed to the G——r, at his own deſire, to be tranſmitted to Lord Hillſborough, and by him preſented to his Majeſty.——The *Court Gazette* now informs us, that "the petition of his Majeſty's council of this province, has been graciouſly received by his Majeſty; and that the petition with his Excellency the Governor's *reaſonings in ſupport of it*, would have a due conſideration before the meeting of parliament!"

The mention made in the Gazette of the *reaſonings* of Mr. B——d in ſuppert of ſaid petition has greatly alarmed the C——l, who it is ſaid, are very ſuſpicious that the G——r has been capable of a piece of Chicanery below the character of the meaneſt member of community; it has ſome how got abroad that the B——d in their petition humbly intreat that his Majeſty would be graciouſly pleaſed to interpoſe with his parliament for the prevention of any monies *being drawn* from his Majeſty's American ſubjects by way of revenue, and that the G——r's gloſſes upon this and other paragraphs, are calculated to miſlead adminiſtration into an apprehenſion that they are not ſo deſirous of a *repeal of thoſe acts*, but that the monies ariſing therefrom might not be *drawn* out of the Country, but *expended among us*, whereby the *great objection* to thoſe acts would be removed out of the way: It is ſaid the C——l have had ſeveral meetings on this occaſion, and diverſe committees have waited upon the G——r for a ſight of *his letters and reaſonings* without obtaining that ſatisfaction, and are therefore, as it is ſaid, taking meaſures to detect his management with Lord H——s b——gh.——*We have here a ſtriking ſpecimen of the arts that have been made uſe of by ſome men, to beget, increaſe, and continue the miſunderſtanding between Great-Britain and her colonies, and that threatens the ruin of both;—how infatuated muſt that man be, who from the ſucceſs of former tricks and ſubterfuges, at length becomes bold enough upon affairs of the greateſt importance, and at the moſt critical ſeaſon, to hold out falſe lights to adminiſtration, and through them to a Britiſh Parliament, and even Majeſty itſelf! To ſuch a degree does ambition and avarice ſometimes blind the human mind.*

The G——r we are informed not long ſince expreſſed himſelf to a gentleman of character in ſomething of the following manner, I believe the petition of the C——l will be granted, for I have endeavoured to ſhew adminiſtration the reaſonableneſs of the petition, and that the whole revenue ſhould be *expended in America*; and as my own ſupport is not adequate to my ſtation, *I expect a good ſhare of it myſelf.*

This exactly agrees with what the Public Papers have years ago declared to be the views of that gentleman, from a *civil* and *military* eſtabliſhment in America.—The *Revenue*, the *American Revenue*, too trifling indeed to be the object of a *national* concern, has been held up to adminiſtration, by *deſigning* and *intereſted men* on this ſide the water, with a view to *enrich themſelves*; and ſome *late appointments* in America, plainly ſhew what baits have been held out to engage a number of warm coadjutors in this diſhonourable cauſe. Hence adminiſtration has been abuſed, by being told, that only *a very few* in America were *diſſatisfied* with the late acts of parliament, and hence diſturbances have been *created* and greatly *exaggerated*, in order to form a pretence for the *diſſolution* of the government of this province, and the *introduction* of a military force to *ſilence* the complaints of his majeſty's loyal and ſuffering people.

November 20. It is to be wiſhed that ſome part of the parade of relieving the guards, &c. might be diſpenſed with upon the Sabbath; whereby the inhabitants would be leſs diſturbed, and the ſoldiery have more time to attend the more important duties of this holy day.

November 21. An order of G——r B——d's for a thankſgiving was yeſterday read in the ſeveral churches; in which we are called upon to give thanks, among other public bleſſings, "for the opening of new Sources of wealth to the nation." If the *American revenue* is hereby intended, we believe it will ſcarcely ſerve to ſtock the thirſt of the M——s and G——s who have opened it. This we know, that it has entirely choaked up or diverted another way, a trade which tho' unhappily for Great-Britain, ſhe has made contraband, was in truth a grand ſource of national wealth. Before the project of an American Revenue, our adventurers in that trade had nothing to encounter more formidable than the Spaniſh and French Guarda C[oſtas]

tion, not intending a *revenue*, they were wifely wink't out of fight: Then it was, that the filver and gold, together with the various products of the *French* and Spanifh Weft Indies, the Spanifh Main, and the Mediterranean, were drawn from thofe places, in exchange for the produce of the continent, and Britifh manufactures; this trade increafed our fhipping and feamen, and by yielding the beft of remittances, enabled us greatly to enlarge the import and confumption of Britifh made goods; and fcarce an article of *foreign wares*, interfering with thofe of our mother country was introduced into the plantations thro' this channel; tho' from juft motives it has been otherwife reported to adminiftration: But now, unhappily for the nation, in order to fecure the duties from which the American Revenue was exempted; Cuftom-Houfe Officers, &c. have been multiplied, and they enabled by new acts of parliament, and the extention of former acts to the colonies, to harrafs and ruin the adventurer; and what is ftill more furprifing, modern miniftters, by adopting the Spanifh police, have converted the fhips of war into mere *Guarda Coftas*, which inftead of aiding and affifting the merchant in the profecution of this trade, have been wholly employed in fetting its defignations: The Dutch, and other European nations, have availed themfelves of our infatuation, and are now enriching their feveral countries by a trade, which has been thus torn from the colonies, and loft to the nation, notwithftanding we have fuch peculiar advantages for the carrying of it on.

New Advertifements.

WILLIAM HINCKLEY,

HAS a few Hogfheads of excellent JAMAICA RUM to difpofe of, at his ftore in Longitude-Lane.

TO BE SOLD,

AT Champneys's wharf, juft imported in the Snow *Concord*, *James Simpfon* maiter, from *Lancafter*,—COALS, a *few pounds per* 100—CHEESE—and POTATOES, at *twenty five fhillings* per bufhel.

STOLEN, from under the Bridge, near Doct. Murray's Houfe on White-Point, on Chriftmas night:

A CYPRESS CANOW,

TWENTY Two feet long, and about three feet wide, a little lop-fided to the left, has a fmall foreaftle, and a cabin in form of a half-moon, has two feats, and rows with three oars. Whoever delivers her to mafter Mr. Peter Gireaud's, Stocking-weaver, in King-ftreet, fhall have *Forty Shillings* reward. PETER LIORON.

For SALE,

(Together or feparate.)

TWO Valuable PLANTATIONS or TRACTS of LAND, in the parifh of St. George, Dorchefter, viz.

One tract of 700 acres of rice and corn land, including 200 acres of cypreſs and tupelo fwamp, uncleared, butting and bounding on the plantations of Daniel Blake, Efq; and Samuel Hamlin, and on the plantation of the late Col. Richard Beeton, deceafed, at Beech Hill, and alfo on lands of Benjamin Coachman, Efq; on which is a good barn, overfeers houfe, and negro houfes, about four miles from Bacon's-Bridge.

The other tract of 900 acres, including 200 acres of cypreſs and tupelo fwamp uncleared, is three miles from Bacon's-Bridge, and butts and bounds on lands late of Roger Somner, Thomas Waring, and Adam Daniel, deceafed, and the aforementioned tract; on this plantation is a very good two ſtory dwelling houſe, a new corn houſe, and other neceſſary buildings. The above plantations are conveniently ſituated for ſawing of cypreſs, and making of ſhingles, as well as planting, being the moſt contiguous to a landing of any lands in the neighbourhood, that contain ſo great a body of compact ſwamp, and that can produce ſo large a quantity of the beſt cypreſs timber. The ſubſcriber will attend any perſon that incline to view the lands, and will alſo make the terms eaſy to the purchaſers.

DANIEL DOYLEY.

To be Sold,

And may be entered upon immediately;

A PLANTATION in Chriſt-Church parifh, containing 837 acres, formerly belonging to John Daniel; it is exceeding good land and well timbered, has ſeveral thouſand cords of oak and hickory fire wood on it, is not more than ſix miles from Charles-Town, and very convenient to ſeveral good landings: The market might be attended to great advantage, and a handy boat, with proper management, may, with eaſe, make a trip every day to town with wood: There is very good clay for brick-making on it, and a brick yard already fettled, with a reſervoir of water for ſwimming the gattle that tread the clay; a great quantity of wood for burning brick and lime very near the brick field; alſo a ſmall dwelling houſe, kitchen, and other out-houſes, a good barn and corn houſe, and every convenient building needful on a plantation.

One, two, or three years credit will be given, with intereſt and approved ſecurity.

JOHN ROSE.

LOST, a ſix-oar'd YAWL, painted blue and red within, and blue and yellow without, with a blue ſtern. Whoever delivers her to me, on board the ſhip Champion, at Champneys's wharf, ſhall have *Two Dollars* reward.

DAVID CHEW.

George Livingſton,

GAVE NOTICE, three ſeveral days, in Meſſrs. TIMOTHY *and* CROUCH's *Papers, that the partnerſhip between him and Mr.* CHAMPNEYS *was at an end; and that he intended carrying on the Factorage Buſineſs on his the ſaid Mr.* Champneys's *Wharf:*

SINCE which, and early after his appearance in thoſe papers, Meſſrs. LIND and CHOVIN very kindly invited him to join with them; and having, by the advice of ſome gentlemen that were near at hand to conſult (and, for the better ſecurity and diſpatch of ſuch concerns as he may be entruſted with) accepted their invitation, he thinks it proper that he ſhould

INFORM HIS FRIENDS,

the buſineſs will be carried on at Mr. *Burn*'s wharf, under the Firm of

LIVINGSTON, LIND, and CHOVIN.

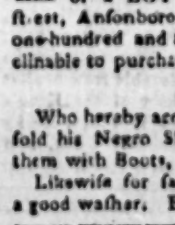
He has nothing more to add, than aſſurances in his partners and his own name, of a ſtrict regard to orders, and the ſame fidelity and punctuality that he promiſed in his former Advertiſements.

N. B. We have EIGHT BOATS at command, ſo that we have it allways in our power to ſupply our Friends, wherever they pleaſe to order.

WANTED,

AS apprentices to a merchant, one or two youths of ſober, honeſt, and induſtrious characters, and of good reputable families. Enquire of the printer.

To be ſold by the Subſcriber,



(And may be entered on immediately)

THE pleaſant inland PLANTATION, on the South ſide of Aſhley-River, whereon I lately lived, being only two miles and a quarter from a good landing on ſaid river, and 17 from Charles Town. It contains 300 acres of good rice, corn and indico land, with a ſmall crop of rice, corn, peaſe and potatoes upon it, (and about 100 buſhels of oats, if the purchaſer chooſes) alſo a large orchard, well ſtock'd with moſt kinds of fruit trees: The improvements upon it are, a good two-ſtory brick houſe of 3 rooms on a floor, with a cellar, and piazzas the whole length on each ſide, ſtore rooms, dairy room, and almoſt every other neceſſary building: There is alſo a good dam of water for making indico. Four or five years credit will be given, if deſired, paying the uſual intereſt. Whoever has a mind to purchaſe, may treat with me on Aſhley-River. ISAAC LADSON.

WANTED, an OVERSEER, for a plantation on James Iſland:—He muſt be a man that underſtands his buſineſs, and have a good recommendation. Apply to the Printer.

For SALE.

EITHER part, or the whole of a LOT of LAND, ſituate in George-ſtreet, Anſonborough, one hundred feet front, and one-hundred and ſixty-two deep. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply to

JOHN MATTHEWES.

Who hereby acquaints his Friends, he has not yet ſold his Negro Shoe-makers, therefore can ſupply them with Boots, Shoes, &c. as uſual.

Likewiſe for ſale, a quiet orderly Negro Wench, a good waſher. Enquire as above.

St. Thomas's Pariſh, September 29, 1768.

THE SUBSCRIBER

INTENDING to remove from the Plantation whereon he now lives, WILL SELL, at public Vendue, at his houſe, on the THIRD *of* JANUARY *next:*

A CHOICE PARCEL OF

SLAVES;

Moſtly young, and born in this province,

CONSISTING of a very good cooper, ſawyers, field ſlaves, and handy boys and girls.

ALSO,

THE SAID PLANTATION,

CONTAINING about 450 acres; whereon is a good dwelling houſe, and other neceſſary buildings. Two hundred acres of the above is ſwamp land, and inferior to none in the pariſh; 150 acres whereof is ſtill uncleared, and well ſtocked with cypreſs. The high land is exceeding good for corn or indico, and reſerves of water might be made, with little trouble.

The conditions are, a twelve-month's credit, with intereſt and ſecurity, if required.

LEWIS MOUZON.

☞ If the above day ſhould prove rainy, the ſale will be on the firſt fair day after.

Foreign Intelligence.

ISOLA-ROSSA, *September 14.*

WE juſt now receive, from the Commandant of Fornali, the news of an action very diſadvantageous to the French. The Count de la Grand Maiſon, charged with the attack of Olietta, having received a reinforcement of 2400 men, which the Marquis de Chauvelin had ſent him over the mountains, puſhed that place, and the other poſts of the Corſicans ſo cloſely, that the latter, yielding to a ſuperiority of number, retired, and the French ſacked that town and all the country round it. After this they marched to Olmetta, Rutali, and other parts of the province of Nebbio, towards the Gulph, which they took poſſeſſion of without meeting any obſtacles, and remained quietly there two days; but were then ſurrounded by the Corſicans, who poured in from all ſides, and made upon them ſuch a terrible fire, that they had no other ſtep to take than to attempt a retreat, which they could but very imperfectly effect; for the Corſicans (who were greatly enraged at the ſacking of Olietta) ſtuck ſo cloſe them, that very few of the French eſcaped either death or impriſonment. By this defeat, the Corſicans have recovered all that the French had conquered in the Nebbio, as well as Barbaggio, Patrimonio, Furiani, &c.

Lucca, September 14. The inhabitants on the eſtates of Joſeph Barbiggio, late commander of a body of troops at Nerza, have ruined all his lands, in reſentment for his having ſurrendered to the enemy, without making any reſiſtance; and both himſelf and ſeveral other chiefs, with a number of ſoldiers are embarked for France.

Extract of a Letter from Corſica, September 14.

"The Count de Marbeuf, after taking the Convent near Biguglia, met at the attack of the laſt-mentioned place a reſiſtance which coſt him a number of people in killed and wounded; but the inhabitants having refuſed to ſupport the garriſon longer, the latter retired in good order without loſing a man.

"The French, after the taking of Biguglia, poſſeſſed themſelves of a height which commanded Furiani, where they erected a Battery of 24 Cannon and ſome mortars. The Garriſon conſidering that the works of the Caſtle could not hold out againſt all this artillery, informed Paoli inſtantly of it, who ordered them to retire, which they did without any loſs.

"Theſe ſucceſſes induced the Marquis de Chauvelin to aveil himſelf of the terror he had ſpread, and to endeavour by gentleneſs to engage the reſt of the inhabitants to ſubmit; but finding them inflexible he took poſſeſſion of the villages of Borgo and Luciana; and paſſing the Guolo, the French invaded the Pieve of Caſinca, and puſhed on as far as la Ponta. The Corſicans, who waited than there, no ſooner ſaw them within muſket ſhot, than they fell upon them with ſo much bravery and in ſuch numbers, that they could not ſtand this unexpected attack. They abandoned their camp, therefore, and retired with the greateſt precipitation. The Corſicans, without giving them a moment's reſpite, purſued, driving them before them in ſuch good order, that they were not able to find refuge even in the places they had taken, the Corſicans entering in along with them pell mell, and put all to the ſword who could not get out of their way. This purſuit laſted to the very walls of Baſtia, and the loſs of the French is incredible. About 200 of them were made priſoners, among whom are 15 Staff-Officers, and the Marquis de Chauvelin's own nephew. The Corſicans know not rightly their loſs; but Furiani and the other poſts, which had been taken from them, are again in their power."

Leghorn, September 16. The 8th of this month a Corſican Half Galley from Caprara, entered this port. The French conſul with two Chebecks of the ſame nation wanted to oblige the captain to lower his flag, but the latter profeſſed he would ſooner die than do it; accordingly he continued in port with the Corſican flag hanging out. Sunday morning laſt, a French Chebeck, called the Cameleon, of twenty guns, and two hundred and ten men arrived in this Port from Baſtia. The next day the Chavalier de la Croix, the Captain, was invited, with ſome of his Officers, to dine at our commandant's. During the entertainment, which was very ſplendid, they kept a profound ſilence in regard to the affairs of Corſica; but ſome of the crew leſs diſcreet, reported that the French had attacked, at the ſame time, Biguglia, Furiani, Olietta, and Olmetta; that at the two firſt of theſe places, they loſt about 1000 men, beſides a great number of wounded, who were immediately carried to Baſtia; and that the French, notwithſtanding the bravery of their troops, had made themſelves maſters only of Biguglia; theſe people added, that during theſe attacks, the Corſicans, being deſirous of making a diverſion, had poſſeſſed themſelves of two poſts, which the French had made themſelves maſters of at their firſt arrival in the Iſle. We learn alſo, that Caprara is not fallen into the hands of the French.

Sienna, September 17. We juſt now receive advice, that while the French where attacking Biguglia, Furiani and Olmetta, the Corſicans took Barbaggio and Patrimonio, and that the troops which were in thoſe places, were put to the ſword.

LONDON, OCTOBER 7.

THE ſentiments of the Earl of Chatham are ſtrongly in favour of our not tamely ſuffering the French to hold poſſeſſion of Corſica.

October 8. Letters from Italy ſay, that Paoli, who in the late engagements with the French, acted like a moſt expert and courageous commander, appearing almoſt every where at once, very narrowly eſcaped being taken; and that even the little progreſs made by the French would not have been ſo great, but for a miſunderſtanding which unhappily reigns among his chiefs.

We are alſo told, that the report, relative to a certain Admiral's being charged with a commiſſion of importance, either to the Corſicans, or any other ſtate, is entirely void of truth.

Two Frigates of War are ordered to be kept in conſtant readineſs, to ſail at a moment's warning, one at Plymouth, and the other at Portſmouth; which occaſions ſome ſpeculations among our Politicians, as from circumſtances, it is thought, they are not intended for North America.

All negotiation with the Earl of Egmont is entirely at an end.

The oppoſition, it is thought, will be very virorous this winter, as the weight of abilities is certainly with them.

A morning paper ſays, that it is in agitation by ſome minority patriots of the preſent day, to found an impeachment, next ſeſſions, on a variety of accuſations of the miniſterial conduct of an abſent man of diſtinction; and, particularly, amongſt others, that of his having a proclamation wherein the Corſicans are treated as Rebels; thereby depriving thoſe brave iſlanders of all ſuccour on our ſide, without a breach of public faith, as well as putting it into the reach of our natural enemies to add, with impunity, to their ſtrength and influence, an important part of the world (the Mediterranean ſea) where they were by much too powerful before.

There are letters from Italy which adviſe, that the troops of the King of the *Two Sicilies* have taken poſſeſſion of the territories of Caſtro and Ronciglione, belonging to the Pope.

October 10. It is ſtill aſſerted, with the utmoſt confidence, at the weſt end of the town, that a certain enterpriſing monarch was abſolutely in London about the time mentioned in the News Papers.

Likewiſe we hear, as a confirmation to the above, about the time ſpecified, a million ſterling was negotiated on advantageous conditions to the borrower.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, September 27.

"Marriages between the Dauphin and an Archduteheſs, and of the Count de Provence with a Princeſs of Savoy, are ſaid to be concluded on, and will be celebrated on the ſame day, in the month of May 1770.

London, Oct. 11. On Thurſday laſt the moſt rev. hon. Dr. Frederick Cornwallis, Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury, was enthroned with the uſual ceremonies, in the cathedral of Chriſt-Church, by his proxy, the rev. Dr. Francis Walwyn, (Vice-Dean of the ſame) the organ playing, and the choir, in proceſſion, ſinging before him from the weſt door of the cathedral into the choir.

Friday laſt General Harvey ſet out for Ireland, to inſpect the different garriſons in that kingdom.

"The French have received a total defeat in Corſica: Mr. de Chauvelin having divided his forces too much, they were attacked every where by the brave Corſicans, who drove them out, and recovered every place they had loſt before, with vaſt ſlaughter of the French, who were drove to the very walls of Baſtia."

On Thurſday laſt, a *Miſs in her Teens*, made an *Elopement*, from her *Guardian*, a *Good natured Man*, of large fortune, and under 30, and went off with a *Married Libertine* at leaſt 65, quite infirm, and a perfect *Devil upon two Sticks*.

On Sunday laſt, juſt as a famous patriotic preacher had finiſhed his ſermon, one of the audience cried out aloud, "*Amen to every word on't.—Wilkes and Liberty for ever!*"

Yeſterday morning a grand council was held at the Cock-pit, Whitehall; and in the afternoon another was held at St. James's.

A certain great man at court on Sunday declared, that the colonies, ſooner or later, ſhould abſolutely ſubmit to the mode of taxation already adopted for them by parliament.

His Majeſty has been pleaſed to make the following promotions in the army, viz.

Charles Hotham, Eſq; to be Colonel of the 15th regiment, in the room of Sir Jeffery Amherſt.

Marcus Smith, Eſq; to be Colonel of the 63d regiment of foot, in the room of Col. Hotham.

October 12. They write from Gibraltar, that a French tartan had lately given chace to a Corſican veſſel on the coaſt of Sardinia, and even taken her within leſs than half a quarter of a league of Cagliari; which, it is ſaid, the court of Turin highly reſented, and has demanded ſatisfaction.

They write from Verſailles, that the important charge of Comptroller-General of the Finances, which the Sieur de l'Averdy had for ſome years, was juſt conferred on the Sieur de Magnon, Member of the Council of State, and formerly Intendant of Baſtia.

We are told that General Paoli has ſent over very advantageous offers to any Engliſh ſea or land officer who ſhall engage in the ſervice of Corſica.

October 13. Yeſterday a cabinet council was held at St. James's, at which his Majeſty was preſent. It was ſoon after reported, that ſome diſpatches had juſt been received from the court of Turin.

The arrangement of buſineſs for the enſuing ſeaſon, is ſaid to be thus: Conteſted elections to begin with, then Colony Affairs, after which it is ſaid, the reception or rejection of a certain *great Patriot* will be taken into conſideration, and many wagers are now laid, that he will be demanded by the houſe, and take his ſeat before the expiration of January next.

This morning his Daniſh Majeſty ſet out from St. James's, and went over Weſtminſter-Bridge in his way to Dover, to embark for France.

The coach of Sir William Beauchamp Proctor, was marked "Glynn and Liberty." by the populace, in his way to the maſquerade ball on Monday.

Tueſday laſt the Earl of Hillſborough was married at the chapel at Lambeth, to the right hon. the Lady Stawell. The ceremony was performed by the Archbiſhop of Canterbury, and the new-married couple ſet out immediately for her ladyſhip's ſeat in the country.

We hear from Dublin, that the celebrated Dr. Lucas, was, a few days ſince, married to Miſs Kelly, a beautiful lady of eighteen years of age.

Extract taken from the "Debates relative to the affairs of Ireland, in the years 1763 and 1764," vol. 2, p. 473.

Thurſday, Nov. 24, 1763.

Mr. S——

——— I ſhall communicate a fact to this houſe, from which it will appear, that the grant of penſions to aliens is ſuppoſed to be contrary to the ſenſe of the nation, even by the adviſers of ſuch grant, and therefore, not avowed, though made.

There is a penſion, Sir, granted, nominally, to one *George Charles*, but, really, to Monſieur *De Verois*, the *Sardinian* Miniſter, for negotiating the peace, that has juſt been concluded, with the Miniſter of *France*. I muſt confeſs, Sir, that, in my opinion, this ſervice deſerved no ſuch recompence, at leaſt on our part; ſo that, in this caſe, our money is not only granted to an Alien, but to an Alien, who has no merit to plead.

If it is thought a defenſible meaſure I ſhould be glad to know why it was not avowed; and why, if it is proper, we ſhould pay a thouſand pounds a year to Monſieur *Verois*, we ſhould be made to believe, that we pay it to *George Charles?*"———

A ſhort Word to the Wiſe.

WHY all this pother about the ſuperſeding of a late Governor, and his reſignation of all his other places and perquiſites for not being allowed a full equivalent for what he had been obliged to give up? There is no myſtery in it. The Prime Agent before he went abroad had ſettled the plan for the General in Chief, and the Governor he wanted in N. A. All that was done afterwards was only miniſterial under him. And as to Lucius, he is only angry that he gets none of the good crumbs. He can have no good-will to us or the coloniſts. For he has declared bitterly, that he would, with all his heart, have *ſtamped* N. A. to death. Poor Lucius ſeeks only to trouble the waters, that he may catch more gudgeons.

According to letters from Leghorn, General Paoli has deſtroyed ſeveral magazines of the French in Corſica, by which their army is greatly diſtreſſed for want of proviſions.

SALES by the Provoſt-Marſhal.

On Thurſday the 26th day of January next, WILL BE SOLD, at public Vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town:

A PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, containing 100 acres, ſituated on James-Iſland, in St. Andrew's pariſh, butting and bounding to the Eaſtward and Southward on New Town-Cut, Weſtward on Thomas Screven's land, and Northward on Thomas and [illegible] late belonging to the eſtate of John Storey, deceaſed, and ſold under execution by

Some letters from Paris say, that the court had determined to take several regiments of Swiss troops into the pay of France, to serve during the present war in Corsica.

Yesterday some dispatches, said to be of importance, were received from their Excellencies General Gage, Sir Henry Moore, and Francis Bernard, Esq; brought home in the Earl of Halifax packet boat, from New-York.

Several officers on half pay are employed to raise recruits in the Scotch Highlands, to reinforce the troops in garisons of the East-India Company abroad.

October 15. By a gentleman just arrived from Berlin we are informed, that it is currently reported in that city, that his Prussian Majesty had demanded of the King and republic of Poland the whole of the territory known by the name of Prussia, alledging, that though Frederick the Great, his Royal Predecessor, was contented, for the sake of peace, to accept of a part, instead of the whole of those dominions, yet that he, his successor, was resolved to assert his right to the whole of Prussia.

And from the same hand we hear, that his Majesty has an army of 30,000 men on the frontiers of Poland, ready to maintain his pretensions, if refused to be complied with by the Dyet, which he insists on being convoked for determining on the merits of his demand. This same gentleman further adds, that the answer from Warsaw is impatiently expected at Berlin.

A letter from Basil, dated September 14, says, "Paoli, willing to profit from the late victory, has sent 150 men, with provisions and ammunition, to the island of Capraia, which, notwithstanding the false reports that have been circulated, is still in the hands of the Corsicans."

A column of infamy, triple-headed, it is said, will be erected at Boston in New-England, to CANVIL, *the Stamper*; SCRE, *the Bishoper*; and STRT, *the Subverter*; with one place for *Underlings*, in the pedestal of it.

Lieut. George Young is appointed to the rank of a Commander in his Majesty's navy.

John Hollwall, Esq; is appointed to command his Majesty's ship St. Antonio, of 64 guns, at Portsmouth.

Extract of a letter from Leghorn, Sept. 26.

"According to advices from Corsica, the loss of the French in the late actions amounts to 3000 killed, 700 wounded, and 400 prisoners.

"The French, when they laid siege to Oletta, made themselves masters of a convent, which bears the name of St. Francis, and converted it into a magazine, where they deposited their baggage, their artillery, all their ammunition, and their military chest. This convent has since been re-taken by the Corsicans, with all its contents.

"The same advices add, that the Marquis de Chauvelin's nephew, who was taken prisoner, is dead of his wounds; that Count de Marbeuf is mortally wounded; and that Calvi and San Fiorenzo are blockaded, and besieged by the Corsicans."

NEW-YORK, NOVEMBER 24.

TO PHILIP LIVINGSTON, JAMES JAUNCEY, JAMES DE LANCEY, and JACOB WALTON, Esquires, Representatives in General Assembly for the City and County of New-York.

Gentlemen,

WE, Freeholders and Freemen of the city and county of New-York——having not only seen by the printed proceedings of the honourable House of Assembly now sitting, That a requisition of money has lately been made to them for quartering of troops in this city; but having also heard it reported, that they may be in danger of being dissolved, if they presume to read and answer *the Boston Letter* as a House; conceive it to be an indispensable duty we owe to ourselves, and to our posterity, to convey to you our Representatives, by these our instructions, the sentiments of a great number of your constituents, as to the part they expect you will act on an occasion, no less important and interesting than perhaps ever came under your consideration.—But why do we say consideration!—For if you had a right to consider, you would have a right to approve, or refuse, as you thought fit; and in such case might be said to exercise your own judgment without restraint.—Whereas it is notorious, that you have now no other alternative, than to provide for defraying the expences of quartering the troops—or cease to exist as a House.

The act of parliament laying you under this severe inhibition, is, we conceive, more oppressive and dangerous in its consequences, than was the pernicious Stamp-Act, for reasons too obvious to be enumerated.—Nor can we comprehend the difference (as to Taxation only) between a law compelling our representatives to levy taxes on us; or by taxing us directly without the consent of such representatives.—In either case, the very essence and idea of a free representation is totally extinguished and destroyed;—nor is it of any use to be anxious in the choice of our representatives; if, after they are chosen, they must be subject to the dictatorial mandates of other persons—No, Gentlemen—We expect and desire of you, That while you are manifesting your zeal for promoting his Majesty's service, by providing quarters for troops in this city, as is pretended for its protection and defence; you do chearfully avoid the most tacit implication of having recognized the act of parliament, requiring you to make such provision, on penalty of being deprived of your legislative capacity.

This act we regard, as it has been by several of the other colony assemblies, as a most flagrant infraction of your sacred rights and privileges.—We do therefore expect and desire, that you will also bear record against it, and use your best endeavours to get resolves inserted in the journals of the house, asserting, in the most firm, full and perspicuous manner, your natural and constitutional rights——That posterity may know——that however ready and desirous you were on all occasions, of demonstrating your loyalty and affection to our most gracious Sovereign, no menaces could deter you from shewing a due regard to the invaluable interests and liberties of your constituents.

As to the circular letter of Lord Hillsborough inhibiting the respectable assemblies on this continent from answering the *Boston letter*; but requiring them *to treat it with the contempt it deserves* on pain of being immediately annihilated—we cannot but regard it as the most daring insult that ever was offered to any free legislative body.—And we therefore do intreat you to move in the house of assembly, and to use your best endeavours there, not only to have *the Boston letter* read; but also to have it answered in a respectable manner: As it desires nothing of her sister colonies but to unite in seeking legal redress from the grievances they labour under.—And as the unanimity it recommends to the colonies, is their only bulwark and defence against the late measures to oppress and enslave them.—Any attempts to divert, or intimidate you from so glorious a purpose, ought to be treated with the contempt and just indignation, which they cannot but excite in the minds of the virtuous representatives of a free people.

Gentlemen,

FROM the number of the respectable signers of the instructions now delivered you, we presume you will be fully convinced that they contain the sentiments of the inhabitants of this city in general: And therefore, we doubt not you will chearfully use your best endeavours to carry them into execution, agreeable to their wishes; and we flatter ourselves, you will find them not foreign to the general sentiments of the other inhabitants of this colony.

[*The foregoing were presented on Tuesday last.*]

CHARLES-TOWN, *December* 29.

HIS Excellency governor *Wright* his speech, of the 15th ultimo, to the general assembly of *Georgia*, addressing himself particularly to the *Gentlemen of the Assembly*, concludes with this remarkable paragraph, viz. "*I have observed in our Gazette of the 31st of August last, a letter from your late speaker to the speaker of the house of representatives of the province of the Massachusetts-bay, acknowledging the receipt of a letter from him, dated the 11th of February and amongst other things assuring him, that when the assembly should meet, he would lay it's same before the house; I am therefore to acquaint you, that his Majesty considers that measure to be of a most dangerous and factious tendency and that I have it in charge to endeavour to prevail on your house not to receive or give any countenance to that letter, and which his Majesty, from the confidence he has in your affections, expects: but if, notwithstanding those expectations, I should find A DISPOSITION TO RECEIVE OR GIVE ANY COUNTENANCE THERETO, it will be my duty to prevent any proceedings thereupon, by immediately putting an end to your sitting. Let me therefore earnestly entreat you to lay aside every other matter and consideration, and to proceed forthwith upon the bill [for regulating the Indian trade] recommended to you, also the usual and necessary business of the tax bill, and such other bills as may be of general and public utility, and in which you may rely on my most hearty concurrence and assistance.*" — To which the Assembly, in their address of the 17th, answered in the following words, viz. "*We beg leave to assure your Excellency, that no letter of any public nature has been laid before or presented to this house; and be assured Sir, that we entertain the strictest loyalty and attachment to our most gracious sovereign, and shall immediately apply to the business of the province. We thank your Excellency for your kind offer of concurrence in any bill or other matters which may occur to the assembly to be of salutary consequences to this province, requiring the aid of the legislature.*" — The assembly accordingly proceeded upon business, and continued sitting the 21st instant, when, we do not hear, that either the *Virginia* or *Massachusetts* circular letters had yet been laid before the house, by the late speaker *Alexander Wylly*, Esq;—The present speaker, is the hon. *Noble Wimberly Jones*, Esq.

Last saturday arrived here from *St. Augustine*, Mr. *Lauder*, quarter-master to his Majesty's 21st regiment, commonly called the *Royal Scotch Fusiliers*, in order to prepare and provide for the reception thereof in the barracks of this town; and this day Capt. *Stuart*, with about 130 officers and privates of the said regiment, also arrived here, in the schooner *Polly*, Capt. *Bryson*; the rest were to follow as vessels could be got to transport them.—It is said, by some, that this corps is to remain here no longer than 'till the new barracks at *St. Augustine* can be completed; but others seem to believe, that it will not be removed so soon, and that this place will be further strengthened by another regiment from *Florida*.

Tuesday, being *St. John's* the Evangelist's Day, the ancient and honourable Fraternity of FREE and ACCEPTED MASONS here, celebrated the same, according to annual custom, in the usual social manner peculiar to that Society.

The same day arrived here his Majesty's packet-boat *Le Despencer*, Capt. *William Talbot*, in nine weeks from *Falmouth*, being the first sent out since the new arrangement. The mails for these packet-boats, are to be made up, in *London*, on the *first Wednesday* in every month, and they are to sail from *Falmouth* the Friday following; and a *particular day* in *every month* is to be fixed on here, for their sailing from hence back to *Falmouth*.——On the 24th instant, in Lat. 32, Long. 77, about 70 leagues to the Eastward, Capt. *Talbot* spoke with the Brigt. *Georgia Packet*, *George Bridges* master, from *Savannah* for *Philadelphia*, all well on board.——By this packet, there is an account of our CIRCUIT-COURT BILL being repealed at home.

An account is just received from *Port-Royal*, that an armed sloop came into that harbour on Christmas Day, and the next day carried off a number of slaves from divers plantations there.

The ship *Peter & Ann*, Capt. *Gillon*, is just come in, with only her fore-mast standing, having carried away her mizen and main-masts yesterday, in the Gulph, and had her mate and two seamen washed overboard, the former of whom was drowned.

This day arrived His Majesty's Ship *Fowey*, *Mark Robinson*, Esq; Commander, in 14 days from *Halifax*.

The whole quantity of RICE, clear'd for exportation, from the 28th of October this day inclusive, is 22,726 Barrels.

The Sloop *Charles-Town*, *John Leaycraft* master, of and from this port, for *London*, lost her bowsprit a few days after she sailed from hence, and is put into *St. Christophers*.

The Sloop *Mars*, *Thomas Blundell* master, also of and from this port, for *Cowes*, is put into *Scilly*, leaky.

The Brigt. *Free American*, *George Darby* master, of and for *Saint*, from *Grenada*, in distress, is put into this port.

[*PRICE-CURRENT, the same as in our last.*]

Timothy's Gazine List.

Dec.	Arrived at Charles-Town	*From*
22*d.*	Brigt. Nancy, Geo. Minshall,	St. Kitts
23*d.*	Schooner Liberty, Rich. Churchill,	Georgia
	Schooner Savan. Packet, T. Williams,	Georgia
	Sloop D of Lancaster, David Lamb,	St. Kitts
24*th.*	Schooner Betsey, Hen. Rogers,	St. Augustine
26*th.*	Brigt. Hervie, Henry Ninian,	Lisbon
	Brigt. Jenny, Robert Ewing,	Antigua
	Brigt. Hannah, Henry Styles,	Barbados
27*th.*	Ship Marlborough, Geo. Prefwick,	Lymington
	Ship Berwick, George Moore,	Montserrat
	Snow Concord, James Simpson,	Lancaster
	Brigt. Peggy, Thomas Mason,	Philadelphia
	Brigt. Fanny, Tho. Walker,	Liverpool
	Brigt. Elizabeth, James Hunt,	Poole
	Brigt. Free-American, Geo. Darby,	Grenada
	Brigt. Katherine, Peter Galatian,	St. Eustatius
	His Majesty's Packet-Boat *Le Despenser*, Capt. *William Talbot*,	Falmouth
	Sloop Eliz & Mary, John Mathelin,	Salt Tortugas
28*th.*	Ship Mermaid, Samuel Ball,	London
	Snow Two Brothers, Jo. Saunderson,	London
29*th.*	His Majesty's Ship *Fowey*, *Mark Robinson*, Esq; Com.	Halifax
	Ship Medina, Robt. Ratsey,	St. Augustine
	Ship Peter & Ann, Alex. Gillon,	Scilly
	Sc. Good-Intent, Wm. Williams,	St. Eustatius

	Schooner Polly, John Bryson,	St. Augustine
	Schooner Mermaid, Wm. Gill,	St. Eustatius
	Sloop Benjamin, Nath. Dickinson,	St. Kitts
Dec.	Sailed,	*For*
22*d.*	Ship William, Samuel Chace,	Jamaica
	Ship Yeamans, John Harbuson,	Cadiz
	Ship Wm & Eliz. David Young,	St Vincent
	Snow Phœbe, Robert Elliott,	Grenada
	Snow Char. Sally, John Milne,	Cowes
23*d.*	Brigt. Swan, Wm. Lambert,	George Town
	Schooner Expedition, John Doran,	St. Augustine
24*th.*	Ship Planter's Adventure, Miles Lowley,	London
	Remain windbound or stayed,	*For*
19*th.*	His Majesty's Sloop *Druid*, Capt. *John Jackson*,	Jamaica
	Ship Beaumain, Daniel Curling,	London
	Ship Avon, Alex. Urquhart,	Lisbon
	Ship Black Castle, John Smith,	Bristol
	Ship Union, Anthony Hooper,	Cowes
	Ship Indian King, Richard Baker,	Cowes
	Snow Kinneoul, Alex. Alexander,	Cowes
	Brigt. George, Wm. Olive,	Oporto
	Brigt. Prince Frederick, James Watt,	Georgia
	Brigt. Eltham, Geo. Phillips,	Oporto
	Brigt. Lydia, John Haywood,	London
	Brigt. Free American, Geo. Darby,	Salem
	Schooner Little Nancy, Sam. Higgs,	Providence
	Sloop 3 Brothers, Tho. Morgan,	Liverpool
	Sloop David, Sam. Henshaw,	New-York
	Sloop Sally, William Place,	Dominica
	Way-sail before our next.	*For*
	Ship Mary, James Gordon,	London
	Ship Betsey Ford, Henry Carter,	Barbados
	Ship St. George, Col M'Alpine,	Jamaica
	Ship Hopewell, Wm. Robinson,	Cowes
	Ship Wolfe, John Pitt,	Lisbon
	Ship Fair American, John Minshal,	Cowes
	Snow Douro, George Addis,	Vigo
	Brigt. Recovery, Tho. Jerrard,	Cowes
	Schooner Two-Williams, Rich. Baker,	St. Kitts
	Sloop Little Anthony, Ed. Brangman,	St. Kitts
	Entered out, and loading.	*For*
	Ship Qu. Charlotte, Jn. Chamberling,	London
	Ship Heart of Oak, Henry Gunn,	London
	Ship London, Alex. Curling,	London
	Ship Patient Mary, Wm. Singleton,	Barbados
	Ship Hope, Robert Cowie,	Cowes
	Ship Hope, Roger Hooper,	Cowes
	Ship Byron, John Ruffel,	Cowes
	Ship Rose-Island, Rich. Brewer,	Cowes
	Ship Champion, David Chew,	Cowes
	Ship Charles Town, Tho. Morrisson,	Cowes
	Ship Friendship, James Cowan,	Cowes
	Ship Providence, Rich. Linthorne,	Oporto
	Ship Hanibal, Jos. Paddicombe,	Oporto
	Ship Cæsar, William Wood,	Bristol
	Ship Nancy, David Perry,	Lisbon
	Ship John & Betsey, Edward Pike,	Lisbon
	Snow Anne, John Bowes,	Bristol
	Snow Haughton, Rich. Godshall,	Figuera
	Snow Polly, William Sloper,	Jamaica
	Brigt. Betsey, Robt. Patterson,	Cowes
	Brigt. Polly, William Taggart,	Antigua
	Brigt. Nancy, John Jackson,	Antigua
	Schooner Fox, Paul Junkins,	Boston
	Sloop Jamaica Packet, Fra. Dickinson,	Jamaica
	Sloop Fox, Elisha Hinman,	Surrichem
	Sloop Francis, James Seymour,	St. Eustatius
	Sloop Cha. Town, Jos. Durfee,	Rhode Island
	Sloop Sally, Jesse Hunt,	New-York
	Other Vessels in Port.	
	His Majesty's Packet-Boat *Hillsborough*, Capt. *Leslie Grove*,	Pensacola
	Ship Minerva, Thomas Arnott,	Gosport
	Ship Charlotte, Patrick Campbell,	
	Ship Charm, Betsey, Gideon Duncan,	
	Ship Unity, Fabian Spurrier,	
	Ship Magdalen, Robert Beattie,	Dunbar
	Ship Lioness, Thomas Allen,	
	Snow Horse, Benjamin Linthorne,	
	Snow Betty, Angus McLarty,	
	Brigt. Greenock, John Denniston,	Bristol
	Brigt. Industry, Tho. Spence,	
	Brigt. Philadelphia Packet,	
	Brigt. Minerva, Edward Morison,	
	Brigt. Harriett, Charles Dawson,	Jamaica
	Brigt. Sukey, Jacob Whitewood,	
	Brigt. Hamilton, William Davis,	
	Brigt. Duke of Athol, Rob. Grindly,	
	Brigt. Carolina Society, Cl. Conyers,	Oporto
	Brigt. Savage, John Dickinson,	
	Brigt. Mary, Peter Swords,	
	Schooner William, John Sewer,	
	Schooner Patty,	
	Schooner Mary,	
	Sloop Mary, John Morgat,	
	Sloop Frugality, John Burrows,	
	Sloop Susanna, Asa Brown,	
	Sloop Belsrius, Benj. Peniston,	
	Sloop Nancy, David Burch,	
	Sloop Beaufain, Nath. Catlin,	
	Sloop Patience, Thomas Walker,	Providence
	Sloop Dove, George Luther,	
	Sloop Josiah's Relief, John Wainwright,	
	Sloop Henry, John Todd,	

By the foregoing List, it appears, that there are now in this Harbour 112 Sail of Sea Vessels, viz. 2 Men of War, 2 Packet-boats, 38 Merchant-ships, 9 Snows, 27 Brigantines, 12 Schooners, and 22 Sloops.—Besides a great number of Coasters.

Arrivals from this Port.	At
Ship Live-Oak, Andrew Lundberry,	*Plymouth*
Schooner Sally, Thomas Clark,	*Philadelphia*
Snow Polly, William Shaw,	*Georgia*
Sloop Mars, Thomas Blundell,	*Scilly*
Sloop Rainbow Nathaniel Saxton,	*Georgia*
Sloop Charles Town, John Leaycraft,	*St. Kitts*
Sloop Polly, Samuel Stone,	*Georgia*

Advertisements.

AS the PARTNERSHIP of BRAILSFORD and CHAPMAN expires with the present year, there will be a necessity for closing all their concerns without delay, and they desire ALL PERSONS indebted to them to make immediate payment. —— This request hath frequently been heretofore made by public advertisements, as well as by private application, with but very little effect; therefore, those who shall now neglect this notice, may expect no longer indulgence.

All persons having any demands upon them, are desired to bring in their accompts, to be paid.

BRAILSFORD & CHAPMAN.

Dec. 12th, 1768.

General Post-Office, Charles-Town, Dec. 22, 1768.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT his Majesty's Packet-Boat the *Hillsborough*, commanded by Capt. *Leslie Grove*, will sail from hence for Falmouth, on Thursday the 14th January next, and that the Mails to go by the said Packet Boat, will be closed at this office, in the evening of Wednesday the 11th.

By Order of the D. Postmaster General,
PETER TIMOTHY, Secretary.

For LONDON,
The Ship LONDON,
Alexander Curling, Master,

FOR Freight of Rice, Indico, Deer-Skins, or Passage (having excellent Accommodations) apply to said Master, or ANDREW LORD.

For LONDON,
THE SHIP
QUEEN CHARLOTTE
JOHN CHAMBERLING *Master,*
(Having very good accommodations for Passengers.)

FOR Freight or Passage, apply to Mr. ROBERT SMITH, at Mr. Massy's, in Meeting-street, or to said Master on board, at Mr. Burn's wharf.

WEST INDIA RUM, in Hogsheads, SHIP BREAD in Tierces, and a few Barrels of excellent ESOPUS ALE, just imported from New-York, TO BE SOLD by SAVAGE & LEGARE.

For BOSTON,
To sail the 15th January.
THE SCHOONER
FOX,
Paul Jenkins Master,
Being a large, double-decked Vessel.

FOR Freight of about 200 barrels, apply to DAVID STODDARD.

Who has for sale, a few chests BOHEA TEA—Madera Wine—Train and Blubber Oil—and two Riding Chairs, very cheap.

TO BE SOLD, by
EDWARD LIGHTWOOD,
In TRADD-STREET,

ALL sorts of RUM; BRANDY; WINE, by the dozen or gallon; Holland's Gin; Molasses; Vinegar; (Barbados Tar; Oil Turpentine, and Honey, by the bottle) Muscovado and clayed Sugar; Bees and Myrtle Wax; Coffee; Bohea Tea, &c. best Barbados mixt Preserves and Ginger, in 3 & 4 lb. pots; and preserved Tamarinds in 6 lb. pots; dried Citron; Barbados Aloes; empty Rum Cases, small and large; ruff Ginger.

In the MINERVA, Captain ARNOT, from PHILADELPHIA,
WILLIAM WEBB,

HAS just imported, superfine FLOUR, Ship, Water, and Milk Bread, double Beer, in whole and half Barrels, Newtown Pippins, to be sold at the Store of Messrs. WEBB & DOUGHTY.

ALL persons, in this province, having any demands upon the estate of CHARLES WEST, formerly of *Stono*, but late of the province of *Georgia*, Planter, deceased, are desired to bring in the same to *John Stewart*, one of the Executors, who will attend to receive the several demands, at Mr. *James Riddle's*, in King-street, on the 3d day of January next; this being the *second* time of advertising the same, and there being a necessity for speedily closing the affairs of the estate. It is to be hoped, all concerned will take proper notice hereof.

STEPHEN WILLIAMS,
Dec. 22d, RICHARD BAKER,
1768. JOHN STEWART. } *Executors.*

THE repeated Advertisements in ALL the Papers, for the persons indebted to the late *JAMES DRUMMOND's*, in Tradd-street, to settle their accompts, not having had the desired effect: This is to inform those concerned, That all debts outstanding after the 10th of next *January*, will be sued for immediately; the situation of the affairs not allowing any longer indulgence. All the accompts not yet discharged, are desired to be sent in immediately.—— *This will be the last notice.*

TO BE SOLD, at the same Store,
CLOCKS—great variety of Paper Hangings—mahogany Rum Cases—Negro Cloth—two Windsor Chairs—a chest of fine Green Tea—sundry other Goods, *&c. exceeding cheap.*——Likewise,
Five Negro Men, and one Cook Wench.

JAMES CALLAHAN,
Lately from PHILADELPHIA,

PERFECTLY acquainted with all branches of GARDENING, would be glad of employ. Inquire of the Printer.

GRIFFITH & CAPE,
Have just imported, in the Polly, Captain William Sloper, from BRISTOL:

BRIDPORT SAIL CLOTH,
Nails of all sorts, Iron Pots, &c.——Which, with their other late importations from London, make A VERY COMPLETE ASSORTMENT, will be sold on the best terms, at their store on the BAY.

N. B. They have remaining on hand, a small assortment of the best LONDON CORDAGE, among which are some Cables, Shrood-Hawsers, and running Rigging, which they will sell at £. 10 per Ct. in order to finish the sale of it speedily.

The PARTNERSHIP of

GODFREY & GADSDEN

Expiring with the preſent Year,

THEY return their thanks to their FRIENDS and CUSTOMERS for their favours received, and being under a neceſſity of cloſing their concerns as ſoon as poſſible, they will be additionally obliged to thoſe indebted to them, to diſcharge the ſame this crop, that they may be enabled to ſettle the demands that may be againſt the copartnerſhip: And, as there is a very large amount of debts in open accompts, that have been long ſtanding, they muſt inſiſt on the ſame being paid, or otherwiſe ſettled to their ſatisfaction, as a neglect of ſo reaſonable a demand, will be attended with diſagreeable conſequences.

Rice, Deer-Skins and Indico, ſuch as we ſhall approve of, will be taken in payment, at the market price, if offered to us on its arrival in Charles-Town. [t.f.]

§ §

THOMAS GADSDEN,

Begs leave to acquaint his FRIENDS, that lately favoured him with their cuſtom and aſſiſtance, when in partnerſhip with Mr. GODFREY.

THAT he intends to carry on BUSINESS in his own name alone, after the cloſe of this year, and will therefore be obliged to them for a CONTINUANCE of their FAVOURS, as he will endavour to keep up a GOOD ASSORTMENT of ſuch GOODS as are uſually imported into this province, which he is determined to ſell at the moſt reaſonable rates:——Among thoſe on hand, he has printed Linens and Cottons, at 10*ſh.* and 13/9. per yard, alſo a great variety of LINEN DRAPERY GOODS, at *Nine* for *One*, CASH, by the piece or quantity.

Rice, Deer-Skins, and Indico (ſuch as he may approve of) will always be taken, at the market price, in payment of accompts.

☞ WHO is in want of a good, clean, and orderly COOK, on hire, or to purchaſe.

§ §

By Order of the Executor.

TO BE SOLD, at Auction, on Wedneſday the 4th day of January, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, in Longitude-Lane:

Part of the PERSONAL ESTATE of the late Mr. GEORGE BEDON, conſiſting of

HOUSHOLD FURNITURE

two good clocks, one of them an alarum, two very good watches, one gold, and counted, by judges, to be as good as ever was imported, the prime coſt in London £. 31 10, three gold rings, two ſett with diamonds one of which is very valuable, a very good canow, with ſails, oars, &c. about two hundred felt hats, and ſundry other articles. And,

The following Day, at the Vendue Houſe,

A NEGRO WENCH and four Children; alſo part of the real eſtate of the *ſaid George Bedon*, viz. a TRACT of LAND, containing 1149 acres, in Craven county, bounded to the Weſtward on land now or late of Capt. Richard Smith, to the Eaſtward partly on land now or late of Capt. Thomas Cordes, and partly on land now or late of Major George Pawley, and to the Northward on George-Town river. On the above land is a great quantity of Pine, fit for making Pitch and Tar.

The conditions will be made known at the time of ſale. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

For JAMAICA,

THE BRIGANTINE

HARRIOTT,

Charles Dawſon, Maſter.

(Will ſail with all poſſible diſpatch.)

FOR Freight, apply to ſaid Maſter, or

WILLIAM LOGAN.

*** A few hogſheads of exceeding good Jamaica Rum, old Jamaica Spirits, fine Muſcovado Sugar, and Pimento, to be ſold very reaſonably.

On THURSDAY the 5th of January next, will be ſold, at public Vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town; the conditions to be then and there publiſhed.

ONE ſtout, able, healthy, country-born young NEGRO WENCH, belonging to the eſtate of *Elizabeth McDowall*, deceaſed. MARY RUSSELL, *Adminiſtratrix.*

§ §

JUST IMPORTED, from Briſtol, *And to be ſold at a Store on Mr. Champney's Wharf:*

DORCHESTER, Wiltſhire and Briſtol BEER, CHEESE, Earthen WARE of different ſorts, Corks, Lampblack, Olives, Anchovies, bottled Gooſeberries, and empty Bottles.

RUN AWAY,

FROM the ſubſcriber, in George-Town, the 10th of this inſtant (December) a NEGRO MAN, named MINGO, about 5 feet 8 inches high, pitted with the Small Pox, had on when he went away, a negro cloth jacket, breeches and boots of the ſame, a blue jacket and ſhoes, but no hat or cap, ſpeaks good Engliſh. Whoever apprehends the ſaid negro, and delivers him to Mr. COVAM, merchant, in Charles-Town, Mr. FLYNN, in George-Town, or to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS reward, paid by me JAMES COOK.

In the COUNCIL-CHAMBER, the 9th day of *December*, 1768.

PRESENT,

His Excellency the GOVERNOR, in COUNCIL.

HIS Majeſty's Surveyor-General, having reported to his Excellency, That ſeveral of the parties, who had obtained orders to have plats of land that were out of date in his office, certified to them, had nevertheleſs neglected to carry them any further, whereby other people were prevented from applying for them, and neither taxes nor quit-rents accrued from the ſaid lands: His Excellency, taking the ſame into conſideration, was pleaſed, by the advice of the Board, to direct, That, if any perſon ſhall hereafter obtain an order, to have an elapſed plat certified to him, and ſhall not carry the ſame into a grant within *three months* thereafter, it ſhall be again deemed out of date: And that this order be publiſhed in the Gazettes.

JAMES SIMPSON, C. C.

§ §

MARTHA LOGAN,

Has juſt imported, in Capt. Curling, from LONDON:

A FRESH ASSORTMENT of very good GARDEN SEEDS, which ſhe ſells very reaſonably, at her houſe, three doors beyond the Old Gate, in Meeting-ſtreet.

TAKEN or drifted away, from Col. Beale's wharf, on Friday the 9th inſt. (in the night) an Engliſh built YAWL, about 18 feet long and about 8 wide, rows with 4 oars, her inſide painted red, and her bottom turpentined, the lower gudgeon for the rudder iron broke. Whoever takes up and delivers her to Capt. Tho. Morriſſon, of the ſhip Charles-Town, lying at ſaid wharf, ſhall have HALF A GUINEA reward.

TO BE SOLD, by the Subſcriber,

ONE HUNDRED & NINETY-EIGHT acres of very good land on the South ſide of Aſhley-River, about three miles from a good landing on ſaid river, and ſeventeen from Charles-Town: It has on it a middling good dwelling-houſe with four good rooms; the land is well timbered with oak, hickory and aſh, and is good for rice, corn or indico, or any other grain; it joins lands of Mr. Bampfield's on the new road leading to Stono.

Any perſon that has a mind to purchaſe the ſaid land, may apply to Mr. ISAAC LADSON, on Aſhley-river, who has the plat, and will agree, or to the ſubſcriber in Jackſonborough, Ponpon.

JAMES LADSON.

A QUARTERLY meeting of the SOUTH CAROLINA SOCIETY will be held on TUESDAY the 3d day of January next, at the houſe of Mr. Eliſha Poinſett, in Charles-Town, where the members are deſired to attend, preciſely at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

By Order of the Society,

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

☞ THERE are two vacancies for Schooling CHILDREN by the ſaid Society.

RUN AWAY,

from the eſtate of Thomas Capers, deceaſed, a Man Slave, named PETER, of a yellowiſh complexion, middle aged, uſed to the coaſting buſineſs: Had on when he abſented himſelf a blue great coat, blue jacket and trowſers, the firſt joint of one of his fingers cut off; he is well known in and about Charles-Town, where he is ſuppoſed to be harboured. Whoever apprehends the ſaid ſlave, and delivers him to the warden of the work-houſe, or Mr. JOHN MCCALL, jun. merchant in Charles-Town, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS reward; and TWENTY POUNDS will be given to any perſon that can give information and proof of his being harboured by a white perſon.

*** A good NEGRO BOATMAN, under mortgage to ſaid eſtate, will be ſold, at public auction, on TUESDAY the 20th day of December next.

THOMAS CAPERS, Executor.

RUN AWAY,

ABOUT two months ago, a likely NEGRO FELLOW, named SAM, a little pock-pitted, and ſpeaks very good Engliſh, his feet remarkably ſhort and thick, and his great toes ſtand wide from the others, and turn towards each other very much; is well known in Charles-Town, and in many different parts of the province: He uſed to be ſome times employed about fetching timber and wood, and has a general acquaintance with boat negroes and fiſhermen; has been once in England, and it is not improbable that he may attempt to get off in ſome veſſel, it is therefore hoped, that all maſters of veſſels and of coaſting ſcooners will be cautious that there is no ſtrange Negro harboured or employed without a ticket: He has a wife at Captain Lempriere's, and has been ſeen at different times in Chriſt-Church pariſh, where it is ſuppoſed he is harboured; he has likewiſe been ſeen in Charles-Town. Whoever will take ſaid negro, and deliver him to the warden of the work-houſe, or to me in Charles-Town, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, from

JOHN ROSE.

RUN AWAY

FROM my plantation, near Dorcheſter, on Thurſday the 8th of December inſt. a likely, well made NEGRO FELLOW, named ABRAHAM, about ſix or ſeven and twenty years of age, this country born; he formerly belonged to Colonel Skene, and is well known about Dorcheſter and Charles-Town. Whoever will apprehend the ſaid negro, and deliver him to me at my ſaid plantation, or to the warden of the Work-houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward.

JAMES POSTELL.

A STRAYED ſpotted grey GELDING, very hollow-eyed, about 13 hands high, nine or ten years old, branded 71 on the mounting ſhoulder, and on the near thigh a M, a trotter. Whoever owns the ſaid ſtray, muſt prove the property (within the time preſcribed by law) before HENRY CASSELS.

Black-River, Nov. 15th, 1768.

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN,

IS framing a very long WHARF or KEY at the North End of the Town, between 8 and 900 Feet in Length (from North to South) on the River, at the End whereof any Ship that comes over the Bar may lie, from one End to the other, fully loaded, and hawl off at any Time of Tide; and will be much obliged to Gentlemen *any Way concerned in Veſſels*, for their BALLAST, delivered at ſaid Wharf, where there is every neceſſary Convenience for diſcharging with the greateſt Diſpatch.

N. B. *Ten or a Dozen large Veſſels can be diſcharged together, very readily and conveniently.*

For PORTUGAL, SPAIN, or any Port in Great-Britain, And a MARKET,

THE SHIP

JOHN & BETSEY,

EDWARD PIKE, Maſter.

BURTHEN about 850 barrels. For freight, apply to ſaid Maſter, or

INGLIS & LLOYD.

For BRISTOL,

THE SHIP

CÆSAR,

WILLIAM WOOD, Maſter.

FOR Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter, or INGLIS & LLOYD.

For Portugal, Spain, or any Port of GREAT-BRITAIN, And a MARKET,

The Snow HOPE,

Benjamin Linthorn, Maſter.

FOR Freight, apply to ſaid Maſter, or INGLIS & LLOYD.

J. Sarrazin

JEWELLER,

HAS JUST IMPORTED,

In the Heart of Oak, Captain GUNN, *from LONDON:*

A large ASSORTMENT of JEWELLERY & PLATE,

Conſiſting of the following Articles, viz.

TANKARDS, coffee pots, waiters, punch bowls, ladles and ſtrainers, ſugar diſhes, tea and cream pots, caſtors in ſilver and wood frames, table, tea ſpoons and ladles, ſwords and cuttaſus, ſilk and morocco ſword belts of all kinds, green handle knives and forks in ſhagreen caſes, ſpare ſhagreen caſes, double flint glaſs candleſticks, womens and mens ſtone ſhoe, knee and ſtock buckles, from £. 5 to £. 70 a pair, of a variety of patterns, and the neweſt faſhion, diamond, ruby, emerald, topaz, opal, marcaſite, garnet, paſte and pearl necklaces, ear and finger rings, with aigrets ſprigs and pins, plain Tortoiſe ſhell and jewelled combs, ivory and pearl fiſh and counters, and every article in the JEWELLERY and SILVERSMITHS WAY, may be had at his Shop, at as low an advance as any ever yet ſold in the province, and for caſh, as cheap as may be bought in the Retail Shops in London.

All kinds of JEWELLERY & SILVERSMITHS WORK done at ſaid ſhop, as uſual, in the neateſt manner, and with the quickeſt diſpatch.

Where moſt Money is given for Old Plate and Jewels.

N. B. Silverſmiths forging and planiſhing hammers, and moſt kind of Silverſmiths Tools, ſold as above.

TO BE SOLD by private Contract,

The following LANDS *belonging to the Eſtate of* JACOB BOND, *Eſq; deceaſed;*

A PLANTATION in Chriſt-Church pariſh, containing about 280 acres more or leſs, butting and bounding to the eaſtward on lands of Charles Pinckney, Eſq; to the ſouthward on lands of George Paddon Bond, to the north on lands of John Roſe, and to the weſt on Wackendaw creek, and on lands of the ſaid John Roſe: It is very good land for corn, rice and indico, very convenient to a landing, and not more than five miles from Charles-Town; the market might be attended to great advantage.

Likewiſe, Twelve hundred acres of LAND, contained in four ſeparate tracts on Black-River, adjoining lands of *Mr. Serré*, to be ſold together or ſeparate.

One or two years credit will be given, paying intereſt, with approved Security.

GEORGE PADDON BOND, JOHN ROSE, } Executors.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Sloop CHARLES-TOWN, JOSEPH DORFER *from RHODE ISAND, and to be ſold by*

NATHANIEL RUSSELL,

At his Store on Col. Beale's Wharf;

NORTHWARD RUM; CORDIALS; SPERMA-CÆTI CANDLES; SOAP; RIDING CHAIRS; DESKS; POTATOES; ONIONS; PIGTAIL TOBACCO; Bar IRON, OARS, &c.

WANTED, on ſhares, or to hire, from SIX to TEN NEGROES, to work an Indico Plantation, on as good new land as any on Santee, there being more cleared than the owner has hands to ſpare.

Any perſon inclining to engage for the next crop, to commence the 1ſt of January, may apply to the Printer for further particulars.

GEORGE FLAGG,

PAINTER & GLAZIER,

HAS IMPORTED, in the laſt Ships from LONDON

A compleat Aſſortment of

OILS and COLOURS:

Which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms, at his ſhop on the Bay, near the Vendue Houſe, lately occupied by HAWES & FLAGG;

Among which are the following Articles, viz.

BEST London white lead, ground in oil--ditto dry--red lead--ſtake white, linſeed oil by wholeſale and retail--Engliſh ſtone of all kinds, ground in oil--ditto dry--beſt Venetian red, ground and dry--umber--King's yellow--drop lake--carmine--fine and coarſe ſtrowing ſmalts--blue verditure--blue bice--Pruſſian blue--Ultramarine--vermillion--Naples yellow--Dutch pink--roſe pink--beſt diſtilled and common verdigreaſe--ivory black, and lampblack--Indian red--white vitriol--litharge--beſt white varniſh--nut oil--a compleat aſſortment of water colours--India ink--beſt gold and ſilver leaf--gums of all kinds--3-4th cloths prepared for painting--bruſhes and tools of all ſorts--camel hair, and ſtich pencils--ſheet and bar lead--beſt London crown ſheet glaſs, for pictures of any dimenſion--beſt Spaniſh white for cleaning ſilver--with many other articles, too tedious to mention.

Said FLAGG returns his moſt grateful thanks to thoſe gentlemen and ladies who have already favoured him with their cuſtom, and hopes, as he has now got a compleat aſſortment, he ſhall be able to give, with the quickeſt diſpatch, a general ſatisfaction to all thoſe who may pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom.

HE, at the ſame place, carries on the HOUSE, SHIP, HERALDRY, & COACH PAINTING, in the neateſt manner, having provided able hands to execute the ſame;—likewiſe PLUMMING WORK for SHIPPING and HOUSES. Any gentlemen reſiding in the country may be ſupplied with PAINTS of all colours, ready prepared, on the ſhorteſt notice, by ſending the dimenſions of their houſes.

N. B. They will have written directions how to uſe the ſame.

TO BE SOLD, at public Outcry,

At the uſual place in Charles-Town, on THURSDAY the 19th of January, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon, for one or two years credit, the purchaſer paying intereſt from the day of ſale, and giving good ſecurity:

THE Subſcriber's valuable PLANTATION in Gooſe Creek, containing 1000 acres of LAND; two hundred whereof is fine river ſwamp, with a large quantity of cypreſs, the remainder extraordinary good pine land, with a large quantity of timber, fit for ſawing.

There is lightwood enough on it to make upwards of 3000 barrels of tar, alſo a good deal of fire-wood may be cut.

The ſaid plantation is ſix miles from Gooſe-Creek Bridge.

There is on it a good two-ſtory houſe, completely finiſhed, and all other neceſſary buildings complete.

Alſo near the ſwamp there is a convenient houſe, fituable for an Overſeer to live in.

There is ſix landings on the ſaid plantation, which makes every thing on it valuable, as the fartheſt part of the ſaid land is not above half a mile from a landing; there is alſo good clay for brick making.

THOMAS SMITH.

Charles-Town, Dec. 1ſt, 1768.

AGREEABLE to the directions of an act of the general aſſembly of this province, intituled, "an act to regulate the "PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* colonies to be at *ſix pounds, per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *four pounds*, (being both uſed by the bakers); at which price the HALF CROWN loaves muſt weigh, as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White,	1	12	0	White,	2	8	0
Wheaten,	2	10	0	Wheaten,	3	12	0
Houſhold,	3	8	0	Houſhold,	5	0	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due notice.

BENJAMIN SIMONS, Com. Gen.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN MCCROHON, (alias Mc CRAY) who is in Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon Meſne Proceſs, at the Suit of Mary Knox, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors: IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid Mary Knox, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Juſticature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, Dec. 8th, 1768.

I AM INFORMED of a ſmall ſorrel GELDING, near 13 hands high, with a blaze in his forehead, a white main and tail, branded on the off ſhoulder with an obſcure brand.

Likewiſe of a light grey MARE, about 13 hands high, has no perceivable brand. The owner may prove his or her property before HENRY SMITH.

Goſe Creek, December 16, 1768.

Charles-Town: Printed by Peter Timothy, at the ſign of Printing-Office, in Broad-Street.